MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY

REPORT ON FINANCIAL STATEMENTS (with required and additional supplementary information)

YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT

To the Board of Directors Multicultural Academy

Opinions

We have audited the accompanying financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Multicultural Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Multicultural Academy's basic financial statements as listed in the table of contents.

In our opinion, the financial statements referred to above present fairly, in all material respects, the respective financial position of the governmental activities, each major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Multicultural Academy, as of June 30, 2023, and the respective changes in financial position thereof for the year then ended in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America.

Basis for Opinions

We conducted our audit in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States. Our responsibilities under those standards are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements section of our report. We are required to be independent of Multicultural Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with the relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our audit opinions.

Change in Accounting Principle

As discussed in Note 16 to the financial statements, in 2023 the Academy adopted new accounting guidance, GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based IT Arrangements*. Our opinions are not modified with respect to this matter.

Responsibilities of Management for the Financial Statements

Management is responsible for the preparation and fair presentation of the financial statements in accordance with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of internal control relevant to the preparation and fair presentation of financial statements that are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error.

In preparing the financial statements, management is required to evaluate whether there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Multicultural Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for twelve months beyond the financial statement date, including any currently known information that may raise substantial doubt shortly thereafter.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of the Financial Statements

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether the financial statements as a whole are free from material misstatement, whether due to fraud or error, and to issue an auditor's report that includes our opinions. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards* will always detect a material misstatement when it exists. The risk of not detecting a material misstatement resulting from fraud is higher than for one resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Misstatements are considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, they would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user based on the financial statements.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards and *Government Auditing Standards*, we:

- > Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ➤ Identify and assess the risks of material misstatement of the financial statements, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding the amounts and disclosures in the financial statements.
- ➤ Obtain an understanding of internal control relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Multicultural Academy's internal control. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.
- Evaluate the appropriateness of accounting policies used and the reasonableness of significant accounting estimates made by management, as well as evaluate the overall presentation of the financial statements.
- ➤ Conclude whether, in our judgment, there are conditions or events, considered in the aggregate, that raise substantial doubt about Multicultural Academy's ability to continue as a going concern for a reasonable period of time.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit, significant audit findings, and certain internal control-related matters that we identified during the audit.

Required Supplementary Information

Accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America require that the management's discussion and analysis and other required supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, be presented to supplement the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and, although not a part of the basic financial statements, is required by the Governmental Accounting Standards Board who considers it to be an essential part of financial reporting for placing the basic financial statements in an appropriate operational, economic, or historical context. We have applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America, which consisted of inquiries of management about the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the information because the limited procedures do not provide us with sufficient evidence to express an opinion or provide any assurance.

Supplementary Information

Our audit was conducted for the purpose of forming opinions on the financial statements that collectively comprise Multicultural Academy's basic financial statements. The accompanying additional supplementary information, as identified in the table of contents, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards, as required by Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations Part 200, Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, are presented for purposes of additional analysis and are not a required part of the basic financial statements. Such information is the responsibility of management and was derived from and relates directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements. The information has been subjected to the auditing procedures applied in the audit of the basic financial statements and certain additional procedures, including comparing and reconciling such information directly to the underlying accounting and other records used to prepare the basic financial statements or to the basic financial statements themselves, and other additional procedures in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America. In our opinion, the additional supplementary information, including the schedule of expenditures of federal awards are fairly stated, in all material respects, in relation to the basic financial statements as a whole.

Other Reporting Required by Government Auditing Standards

In accordance with *Government Auditing Standards*, we have also issued our report dated October 26, 2023 on our consideration of Multicultural Academy's internal control over financial reporting and on our tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements and other matters. The purpose of that report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over financial reporting and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of Multicultural Academy's internal control over financial reporting or on compliance. That report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering Multicultural Academy's internal control over financial reporting and compliance.

October 26, 2023

Many Costerinan PC

This section of Multicultural Academy's (Academy) annual financial report presents our discussion and analysis of the public school Academy's financial performance during the fiscal year that ended on June 30, 2023. Please read it in conjunction with the Academy's financial statements, which immediately follow this section.

Financial Highlights

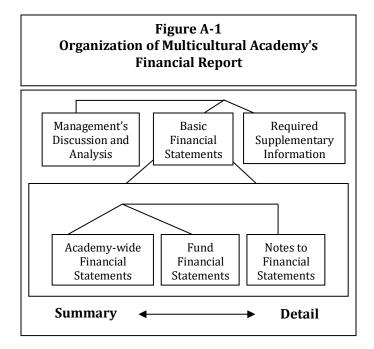
> The Academy had an increase in the fund balance in the general fund of \$55,022 compared to a budgeted decrease of \$120,633. This gives the Academy a fund balance in the general fund of \$289,042.

OVERVIEW OF THE FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

This annual report consists of three parts - management's discussion and analysis (this section), the basic financial statements and required supplementary information. The basic financial statements include two kinds of statements that present different views of the Academy:

- The first two statements are Academy-wide financial statements that provide both short-term and long-term information about the Academy's overall financial status.
- > The remaining statements are *fund financial statements* that focus on individual parts of the Academy, reporting the Academy's operations in more detail than the Academy-wide statements.
- The governmental funds statements tell how basic services like regular and special education were financed in the short-term as well as what remains for future spending.

The financial statements also include notes that explain some of the information in the statements and provide more detailed data. The statements are followed by a section of required supplementary



information that further explains and supports the financial statements with a comparison of the Academy's budget for the year. Figure A-1 shows how the various parts of the annual report are arranged and related to one another.

Figure A-2 summarizes the major features of the Academy's financial statements, including the portion of the Academy's activities they cover and the types of information they contain. The remainder of this overview section of management's discussion and analysis highlights the structure and contents of each of the statements.

Figure A-2: Major Features of the Academy-wide and Fund Financial Statements

	Academy-wide Statements	Governmental Funds
Scope	Entire Academy (except fiduciary funds)	All activities of the Academy that are not fiduciary
Required financial	* Statement of net position * Statement of activities	* Balance sheet * Statement of revenues, expenditures and changes in fund balances
Accounting basis and measurement focus	Accrual accounting and economic resources focus	Modified accrual accounting and current financial resources focus
Type of asset/liability information	All assets and liabilities, both financial and capital, short-term and long-term	Generally assets expected to be used up and liabilities that come due during the year or soon thereafter; no capital assets or long-term liabilities included
Type of inflow/outflow information	All revenues and expenses during year, regardless of when cash is received or paid	Revenues for which cash is received during or soon after the end of the year, expenditures when goods or services have been received and the related liability is due and payable

Academy-wide Statements

The Academy-wide statements report information about the Academy as a whole using accounting methods similar to those used by private-sector companies. The statement of net position includes all of the Academy's assets and liabilities. All of the current year's revenues and expenses are accounted for in the statement of activities regardless of when cash is received or paid.

The two Academy-wide statements report the Academy's net position and how they have changed. Net position - the difference between the Academy's assets and liabilities, is one way to measure the Academy's financial health or position.

- > Over time, increases or decreases in the Academy's net position is an indicator of whether its financial position is improving or deteriorating, respectively.
- > To assess the overall health of the Academy, you need to consider additional non-financial factors such as changes in the Academy's enrollment, the condition of school buildings and other facilities, and the Academy's ability to be competitive with other public school academies and area school districts.

Governmental activities - The Academy's basic services are included here, such as regular and special education and administration. State foundation aid finances most of these activities.

Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide more detailed information about the Academy's funds, focusing on its more significant or "major" funds - not the Academy as a whole. Funds are accounting devices the Academy uses to keep track of specific sources of funding and spending on particular programs. The Academy has a general fund and special revenue fund.

- > Some funds are required by state law and by debt agreements.
- > The Academy establishes other funds to show that it is properly using certain revenues (like food services).

All of the Academy's basic services are included in governmental funds which generally focus on (1) how cash and other financial assets that can readily be converted to cash flow in and out, and (2) the balances left at year-end that are available for spending. Consequently, the governmental funds statements provide a detailed short-term view that helps you determine whether there are more or fewer financial resources that can be spent in the near future to finance the Academy's programs. Because this information does not encompass the additional long-term focus of the Academy-wide statements, we provide additional information with the governmental funds statement that explains the relationship (or differences) between them.

Financial Analysis of the Academy as a Whole

Net Position - the Academy's combined net position at the beginning of the fiscal year, as restated, was \$520,518 and on June 30, 2023, it is \$706,201 See Figures A-3 and A-4.

The total revenues increased approximately 48.8% to \$2,914,792. This is mainly due to an increase in enrollment for the year ended June 30, 2023 and an increase in federal funding. State aid foundation allowance included in revenue from state sources accounts for 59.1% of the Academy's revenue.

The total cost of instruction increased approximately 35.3% to \$957,163 mainly due to additional personnel costs. Total support services increased approximately 34.2% to \$1,183,116 mainly due to additional personnel costs.

Academy Governmental Activities

Figure A-3 Multicultural Academy Net Position						
	2023	2022*				
Current and other assets Capital assets	\$ 689,373 735,540	\$ 501,053 939,525				
Total assets	1,424,913	1,440,578				
Other liabilities Noncurrent liabilities	372,571 346,141	264,633 665,121				
Total liabilities	718,712	929,754				
Net position Net investment in capital assets Restricted for special revenue (food service) Unrestricted	389,399 27,760 289,042	274,404 2,400 234,020				
Total net position	\$ 706,201	\$ 510,824				
*The 2022 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 96.						

Figure A-4 Changes in Multicultural Academy's Net Position					
	2023	2022*			
Revenues					
Program revenues					
Operating grants	\$ 1,169,409	\$ 656,435			
General sources					
State sources - unrestricted	1,722,213	1,294,591			
Other local sources	1,441	7,385			
ISD sources	21,729				
Total general revenues	1,745,383	1,301,976			
Total revenues	2,914,792	1,958,411			
Expenses					
Instruction	957,163	707,593			
Support services	1,183,116	881,922			
Community services	256	143			
Food service	179,320	131,126			
Interest and fees	12,733	14,891			
Unallocated depreciation/amortization	396,521	334,956			
Total expenses	2,729,109	2,070,631			
Change in net position	\$ 185,683	\$ (112,220)			
*The 2022 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 96.					

Financial Analysis of the Academy's Funds

The Academy's general fund balance increased by \$55,022 to \$289,042. Instruction expenditures increased by \$249,570 and support services expenditures increased by \$253,454.

General Fund Budgetary Highlights

Over the course of the year, the Academy revised the general fund annual operating budget when necessary. Changes were made in both the revenue and expenditures which reflected anticipated increases in state aid and actual salary figures for staff.

While the Academy's final budget for the general fund anticipated expenditures and other financing uses would exceed revenues and other financing sources by \$120,633, the actual results for the year showed revenues and other financing sources exceeded expenditures and other financing uses by \$55,022. Actual revenues were \$119,479 less than expected mainly due to less than expected federal funding.

Actual total expenditures were \$209,910 less than expected. The primary cause of the variance was due to the Academy experiencing less than expected basic programs, added needs, school administration, and central support expenditures.

Capital Assets

As of the year ended June 30, 2023, the Academy had invested \$735,540 in capital assets net of accumulated depreciation/amortization as summarized in Figure A-5. This amount represents a net decrease of \$203,985 from the beginning of the year. Total depreciation/amortization expense for the year was \$396,521. More detailed information about capital assets can be found in Note 3 to the financial statements.

The Academy's capital assets are as follows:

Figure A-5 Multicultural Academy's Capital Assets								
2023 2022*							2022*	
			A	ccumulated				
	Depreciation/ Net Book Net Book							let Book
		Cost Amortization Value			Cost			Value
Technology	\$	107,592	\$	32,272	\$	75,320	\$	35,363
Buses and other vehicles		230,480		41,818		188,662		211,710
Furniture and fixtures		187,990		170,088		17,902		2,092
Leasehold improvements		474,181		352,208		121,973		163,040
Right to use - building		863,023		563,342		299,681		527,320
Right to use - subscription-based IT		45,494		13,492		32,002		-
Total	\$	1,908,760	\$	1,173,220	\$	735,540	\$	939,525
*The 2022 figures have not been updated for the adoption of GASB 96.								

Long-term Obligations

At year end, the Academy had total long-term obligations of \$346,141, including their financing agreement for the use of buses and their building lease obligation. The Academy continued to pay down its obligations, retiring \$391,023 of outstanding obligations. See Note 6 for more information.

Factors Bearing on the Academy's Future

At the time these financial statements were prepared and audited, the Academy was not aware of existing circumstances that could significantly affect its financial health in the future.

- ➤ The Academy adopted a general fund budget for 2023-2024 in which revenue would exceed expenditures by \$56,578. Adjustments to the original budget will be made based on actual enrollment during the 2023-2024 school year.
- ➤ In August of 2023, the Academy borrowed \$450,000 under a state aid anticipation note at 6.25% to be repaid in full by August of 2024.

Contacting the Academy's Financial Management

This financial report is designed to provide our students, parents and creditors with a general overview of the Academy's finances and to demonstrate the Academy's accountability for the money it receives. If you have questions about this report or need additional information, contact Terry Farha at Universal Management Company, 5550 Platt Road, Ann Arbor, Michigan, 48108.

BASIC FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

	Governmental Activities
ASSETS	
Cash and cash equivalents	\$ 50,596
Intergovernmental receivable	516,017
Prepaids and deposits	122,760
Capital assets, net of accumulated depreciation/amortization	735,540
TOTAL ASSETS	1,424,913
LIABILITIES	
Accounts payable	29,170
Accrued oversight	13,189
Accrued salaries and related items	124,622
Unearned revenue	130,709
State aid anticipation note payable	71,315
Accrued interest	3,566
Noncurrent liabilities	
Due within one year	346,141
TOTAL LIABILITIES	718,712
NET POSITION	
Net investment in capital assets	389,399
Restricted for special revenue (food service)	27,760
Unrestricted	289,042
TOTAL NET POSITION	\$ 706,201

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

								vernmental Activities
				D., a	D	 		t (Expense) evenue and
				Progr				
Functions/Programs		Expenses	C	harges fo Services	Ι.	perating Grants		hanges in et Position
runctions/Frograms		Expenses		Sei vices		Grants	110	et FOSItion
Governmental activities								
Instruction	\$	957,163	\$		-	\$ 471,837	\$	(485,326)
Support services		1,183,116			-	456,382		(726,734)
Community services		256			-	-		(256)
Food service		179,320			-	241,190		61,870
Interest and fees		12,733			-	-		(12,733)
Unallocated depreciation/amortization		396,521			<u> </u>	-		(396,521)
Total governmental activities	\$	2,729,109	\$		<u>-</u>	\$ 1,169,409		(1,559,700)
General revenues								
State sources - unrestricted								1,722,213
Local sources								1,441
ISD sources								21,729
Total general revenues								1,745,383
CHANGE IN NET POSITION								185,683
Net position, beginning of year, as restated	l							520,518
Net position, end of year							\$	706,201

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY BALANCE SHEET GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS JUNE 30, 2023

			No	onmajor		
			Gov	ernmental		Total
			(Special		Governmental	
	Gei	General Fund		nue) Fund	Funds	
ASSETS			11010	naej rana		
Cash and cash equivalents	\$	50,596	\$	-	\$	50,596
Receivables		·				ŕ
Intergovernmental		516,017		-		516,017
Due from other funds		-		27,760		27,760
Prepaid expenditures and deposits		122,760				122,760
TOTAL ASSETS	\$	689,373	\$	27,760	\$	717,133
LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES LIABILITIES						
Accounts payable	\$	29,170	\$	-	\$	29,170
Accrued oversight		13,189		-		13,189
Accrued salaries and related items		124,622		-		124,622
Unearned revenue		130,709		-		130,709
State aid anticipation note payable		71,315		-		71,315
Accrued interest		3,566		-		3,566
Due to other funds		27,760				27,760
TOTAL LIABILITIES		400,331				400,331
FUND BALANCES						
Nonspendable						
Prepaid expenditures and deposits		122,760		-		122,760
Restricted						
Food service		-		27,760		27,760
Unassigned		166,282		-		166,282
TOTAL FUND BALANCES		289,042		27,760		316,802
TOTAL LIABILITIES AND FUND BALANCES	\$	689,373	\$	27,760	\$	717,133

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY RECONCILIATION OF THE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS BALANCE SHEET TO THE STATEMENT OF NET POSITION JUNE 30, 2023

Total governmental fund balance		\$ 316,802
Capital assets used in governmental activities are not financial resources and are not reported in the funds:		
The cost of the capital assets is Accumulated depreciation/amortization is	\$ 1,908,760 (1,173,220)	735,540
Long-term liabilities are not due and payable in the current period and are not reported in the funds:		
Direct borrowings and direct placements		 (346,141)
Net position of governmental activities		\$ 706,201

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

		Nonmajor Governmental	
		(Special	Total
	General	Revenue)	Governmental
	Fund	Fund	Funds
REVENUES		<u> </u>	Tunuo
Local sources	\$ 1,441	\$ -	\$ 1,441
State sources	1,977,269	5,625	1,982,894
Federal sources	673,163	235,565	908,728
Incoming transfers	21,729		21,729
TOTAL REVENUES	2,673,602	241,190	2,914,792
EXPENDITURES			
Instruction			
Basic programs	521,614	-	521,614
Added needs	435,549		435,549
Total instruction	957,163		957,163
Support services			
Pupil	70,215	-	70,215
Instructional staff	117,689	-	117,689
General administration	321,174	-	321,174
School administration	66,373	-	66,373
Business	13,873	-	13,873
Operation and maintenance	265,320	-	265,320
Transportation	275,089	-	275,089
Central	225,348		225,348
Total support services	1,355,081		1,355,081

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCE GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Nonmajor Governmental					
				(Special	Total	
		General	R	levenue)	Gov	vernmental
		Fund		Fund		Funds
EXPENDITURES (continued)		_		_		_
Food service	\$	-	\$	190,197	\$	190,197
Community services		256				256
Debt service						
Principal retirement		358,459		32,564		391,023
Interest and fiscal charges		11,827		906		12,733
Total debt service		370,286		33,470		403,756
TOTAL EXPENDITURES		2,682,786		223,667		2,906,453
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES						
OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES		(9,184)		17,523		8,339
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)						
Proceeds from lease		64,206		7,837		72,043
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCES		55,022		25,360		80,382
FUND BALANCES						
Beginning of year		234,020		2,400		236,420
Degining of year		201,020		2,100		200, 120
End of year	\$	289,042	\$	27,760	\$	316,802

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY RECONCILIATION OF THE STATEMENT OF REVENUES, EXPENDITURES, AND CHANGES IN FUND BALANCES OF GOVERNMENTAL FUNDS TO THE STATEMENT OF ACTIVITIES YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Net change in fund balances total governmental funds \$ 80,382 Amounts reported for governmental activities in the statement of activities are different because: Governmental funds report capital outlays as expenditures. In the statement of activities these costs are allocated over their estimated useful lives as depreciation/amortization: Depreciation/amortization expense (396,521)Capital outlay 182,842 Proceeds and repayments of principal on long-term debt are other financing sources and expenditures in the governmental funds, but not in the statement of activities (where they are additions and reductions of liabilities): Proceeds from lease (72,043)Principal repayment on long-term obligations 391,023

185,683

Change in net position of governmental activities

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

<u>Description of Government-wide Financial Statements</u>

The government-wide financial statements (i.e. the statement of net position and the statement of activities) report information on all of the nonfiduciary activities of the Academy. The Academy currently does not have fiduciary activities. Governmental activities normally are supported by intergovernmental revenues.

Reporting Entity

Multicultural Academy (the "Academy") is a public school academy as part of the Michigan Public School System under Public Act No. 362 of 1993. Bay Mills Community College is the authorizing governing body for the Academy and has contracted with the Academy to charter the public school academy through June 2024. Board members are approved by the authorizing governing body and have decision making authority, the power to designate management, the ability to significantly influence operations, and the primary accountability for fiscal matters. The Academy receives funding from local, state, and federal sources and must comply with all of the requirements of these funding source entities. However, the Academy is not included in any other governmental reporting entity as defined by the accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America. In addition, the Academy's reporting entity does not contain any component units as defined in Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statements.

Basis of Presentation - Government-wide Financial Statements

While separate government-wide and fund financial statements are presented, they are interrelated. The governmental activities column incorporates data from the governmental funds.

As a general rule, the effect of interfund activity (if any) has been eliminated from the government-wide financial statements.

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements

The fund financial statements provide information about the Academy's funds. Separate statements for each fund category are presented. The emphasis of fund financial statements is on major governmental funds. All remaining governmental funds are aggregated and reported as nonmajor funds. Major individual governmental funds are reported as separate columns in the fund financial statements.

The Academy reports the following *Major Governmental Fund*:

The *General Fund* Is the Academy's primary operating fund. It accounts for all financial resources of the Academy, except those required to be accounted for in another fund.

The Academy reports the following *Nonmajor Governmental Fund*:

The *Special Revenue Fund* accounts for revenue sources that are legally restricted to expenditures for specific purposes (not including expendable trusts or major capital projects). The Academy accounts for its food service activity in a special revenue fund.

During the course of operations the Academy has activity between funds for various purposes. Any residual balances outstanding at year end are reported as due from/to other funds and advances to/from other funds. While these balances are reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Basis of Presentation - Fund Financial Statements (continued)

Further, certain activity occurs during the year involving transfers of resources between funds. In fund financial statements these amounts are reported at gross amounts as transfers in/out. While reported in fund financial statements, they are eliminated in the preparation of the government-wide financial statements.

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting

The accounting and financial reporting treatment is determined by the applicable measurement focus and basis of accounting. Measurement focus indicates the type of resources being measured such as *current financial resources* or *economic resources*. The basis of accounting indicates the timing of transactions or events for recognition in the financial statements.

The process of preparing financial statements in conformity with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America requires the use of estimates and assumptions regarding certain types of assets, liabilities, revenues, and expenses. Such estimates primarily relate to unsettled transactions and events as of the date of the financial statements. Accordingly, upon settlement, actual results may differ from estimated amounts.

The government-wide financial statements are reported using the *economic resources measurement focus* and the *accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recorded when earned and expenses are recorded when a liability is incurred, regardless of the timing of related cash flows. Grants and similar items are recognized as revenue as soon as all eligibility requirements imposed by the provider have been met.

The governmental fund financial statements are reported using the *current financial resources measurement focus* and the *modified accrual basis of accounting*. Revenues are recognized as soon as they are both measurable and available. Revenues are considered to be available when they are collectible within the current period or soon enough thereafter to pay liabilities of the current period. For this purpose, the Academy considers revenues to be available if they are generally collected within 60 days of the end of the current fiscal period. Expenditures generally are recorded when a liability is incurred, as under accrual accounting. However, debt service expenditures, as well as expenditures related to compensated absences, and claims and judgments, are recorded only when payment is due. General capital asset acquisitions are reported as expenditures in governmental funds. Issuance of long-term debt and acquisitions under leases are reported as other financing sources.

State and federal aid, and interest associated with the current fiscal period are all considered to be susceptible to accrual and so have been recognized as revenues of the current fiscal period. Expenditure-driven grants are recognized as revenue when the qualifying expenditures have been incurred and all other eligibility requirements have been met, and the amount is received during the period or within the availability period for this revenue source (within 60 days of year-end).

The State of Michigan utilizes a foundation grant approach which provides for a specific annual amount of revenue per pupil based on a state-wide formula. The Foundation is funded from state and local sources. Revenues from state sources are primarily governed by the School Aid Act and the School Code of Michigan. The Michigan Department of Education administers the allocation of state funds to public school academies based on information supplied by the academies.

The state portion of the Foundation is provided primarily by a state education property tax millage of 6 mills on Principal Residence Exemption (PRE) property and an allocated portion of state sales and other taxes. The state revenue is recognized during the foundation period and is funded through payments from October to August. Thus, the unpaid portion at June 30 is reported as an intergovernmental receivable.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Measurement Focus and Basis of Accounting (continued)

The Academy also receives revenue from the state to administer certain categorical education programs. State rules require that revenue earmarked for these programs be used for its specific purpose. Certain governmental funds require an accounting to the state of the expenditures incurred. For categorical funds meeting this requirement, funds received and accrued, which are not expended by the close of the fiscal year are recorded as unearned revenue.

All other revenue items are generally considered to be measurable and available only when cash is received by the Academy.

Budgetary Information

Budgetary Basis of Accounting

Annual budgets are adopted on a basis consistent with generally accepted accounting principles for the general fund and special revenue fund.

Appropriations in all budgeted funds lapse at the end of the fiscal year even if they have related encumbrances. Encumbrances are commitments related to unperformed (executor) contracts for goods or services (i.e., purchase orders, contracts, and commitments). The Academy does not utilize encumbrance accounting.

The Academy follows these procedures in establishing the budgetary data reflected in the financial statements:

- a. The Chief Administrative Officer submits to the Board of Directors a proposed operating budget for the fiscal year commencing on July 1. The operating budget includes proposed expenditures and the means of financing them. The level of control for the budgets is at the functional level as set forth and presented as required supplementary information.
- b. Prior to July 1, the budget is legally adopted by Board resolution pursuant to the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act (1968 PA 2). The Act requires that the budget be amended prior to the end of the fiscal year when necessary to adjust appropriations if it appears that revenues and other financing sources will be less than anticipated or so that expenditures will not be in excess of original estimates. Expenditures shall not be made or incurred, unless authorized in the budget, in excess of the amount appropriated. Violations, if any, in the general fund are noted in the required supplementary information section.
- c. Transfers may be made for budgeted amounts between major expenditure functions within any fund; however, these transfers and any revisions that alter the total expenditures of any fund must be approved by the Board of Directors.
- d. The budget was amended during the year with supplemental appropriations, the last one approved prior to year end June 30, 2023. The Academy does not consider these amendments to be significant.

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance

Cash and Cash Equivalents

The Academy's cash and cash equivalents are considered to be cash on hand, demand deposits, and short-term investments with original maturities of three months or less from the date of acquisition.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Prepaids

Certain payments to vendors reflect costs applicable to future accounting periods and are recorded as prepaid items in both the government-wide and fund financial statements. The cost of prepaid items is recorded as expenditures/expenses when consumed rather than when purchased.

Capital Assets

Capital assets, as summarized below, are reported in the government-wide financial statements. Capital assets are defined by the Academy as assets with an initial, individual cost of more than \$1,000 and a useful life in excess of one year. Group purchases are evaluated on a case by case basis. Donated capital assets are recorded at their estimated acquisition value at the date of donation.

The costs of normal maintenance and repairs that do not add to the value of the asset or materially extend assets lives are not capitalized. Improvements are capitalized and depreciated over the remaining useful lives of the related capital assets.

Land and construction in progress, if any, are not depreciated. Right to use assets of the Academy are amortized using the straight-line method over the shorter of the lease or subscription period or the estimated useful lives. The other capital assets of the Academy are depreciated using the straight-line method over the following estimated useful lives:

Capital Asset Classes	Lives				
Technology	5				
Buses and other vehicles	10				
Furniture and fixtures	7				
Leasehold improvements	10 - 15				
Right to use - building	3				
Right to use - subscription-based IT	2 - 4				

Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources

In addition to assets, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred outflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred outflows of resources*, represents a consumption of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an outflow of resources (expense/expenditure) until then. The Academy has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

In addition to liabilities, the statement of net position will sometimes report a separate section for deferred inflows of resources. This separate financial statement element, *deferred inflows of resources*, represents an acquisition of net position that applies to a future period(s) and so will *not* be recognized as an inflow of resources (revenue) until that time. The Academy has no items that qualify for reporting in this category.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Net Position Flow Assumption

Sometimes the Academy will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted (e.g., restricted bond or grant proceeds) and unrestricted resources. In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted - net position and unrestricted - net position in the government-wide financial statements, a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Academy's policy to consider restricted - net position to have been depleted before unrestricted - net position is applied.

Fund Balance Flow Assumptions

Sometimes the Academy will fund outlays for a particular purpose from both restricted and unrestricted resources (the total of committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance). In order to calculate the amounts to report as restricted, committed, assigned, and unassigned fund balance in the governmental fund financial statements a flow assumption must be made about the order in which the resources are considered to be applied. It is the Academy's policy to consider restricted fund balance to have been depleted before using any of the components of unrestricted fund balance. Further, when the components of unrestricted fund balance can be used for the same purpose, committed fund balance is depleted first, followed by assigned fund balance. Unassigned fund balance is applied last.

Fund Balance Policies

Fund balance of governmental funds is reported in various categories based on the nature of any limitations requiring the use of resources for specific purposes. The Academy itself can establish limitations on the use of resources through either a commitment (committed fund balance) or an assignment (assigned fund balance).

The committed fund balance classification includes amounts that can be used only for the specific purposes determined by a formal action of the Academy's highest level of decision-making authority. The Board of Directors is the highest level of decision-making authority for the Academy that can, by adoption of a board action prior to the end of the fiscal year, commit fund balance. Once adopted, the limitation imposed by the Board action remains in place until a similar action is taken (the adoption of another board action) to remove or revise the limitation.

Amounts in the assigned fund balance classification are intended to be used by the Academy for specific purposes but do not meet the criteria to be classified as committed. Intent can be expressed by the Board of Directors or by an official or body to which the Board of Directors delegates authority. The Board of Directors may also assign fund balance as it does when appropriating fund balance to cover a gap between estimated revenue and appropriations in the subsequent year's appropriated budget. Unlike commitments, assignments generally only exist temporarily. In other words, an additional action does not normally have to be taken for the removal of an assignment. Conversely, as discussed above, an additional action is essential to either remove or revise a commitment.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Leases

The Academy is a lessee for a noncancelable lease of equipment. The Academy recognizes a lease liability and an intangible right-to-use lease asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a lease, the Academy initially measures the lease liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the lease term. Subsequently, the lease liability is reduced by the principal portion of lease payments made. The lease asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the lease liability, adjusted for lease payments made at or before the lease commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the lease asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

Key estimates and judgements related to leases include how the Academy determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected lease payments to present value, (2) lease term, and (3) lease payments.

- > The Academy uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Academy generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for leases.
- > The lease term includes the noncancelable period of the lease. Lease payments included in the measurement of the lease liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Academy is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Academy monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its lease and will remeasure the lease asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the lease liability.

Lease assets are reported with other capital assets and lease liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

Subscription-based IT Arrangements (SBITA)

Subscriber: The Academy is a subscriber for noncancelable subscriptions of IT arrangements. The Academy recognizes a SBITA liability and an intangible right-to-use SBITA asset in the government-wide financial statements.

At the commencement of a subscription, the Academy initially measures the SBITA liability at the present value of payments expected to be made during the SBITA term. Subsequently, the SBITA liability is reduced by the principal portion of SBITA payments made. The SBITA asset is initially measured as the initial amount of the SBITA liability, adjusted for SBITA payments made at or before the SBITA commencement date, plus certain initial direct costs. Subsequently, the SBITA asset is amortized on a straight-line basis over its useful life.

NOTE 1 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES (continued)

Assets, Liabilities, Deferred Outflows/Inflows of Resources, and Net Position/Fund Balance (continued)

Subscription-based IT Arrangements (SBITA) (continued)

Key estimates and judgements related to leases included how the Academy determines (1) the discount rate it uses to discount the expected SBITA payments to present value, (2) SBITA term, and (3) SBITA payments.

- > The Academy uses the interest rate charged by the lessor as the discount rate. When the interest rate charged by the lessor is not provided, the Academy generally uses its estimated incremental borrowing rate as the discount rate for SBITA.
- ➤ The SBITA term includes the noncancelable period of the subscription. SBITA payments included in the measurement of the SBITA liability are composed of fixed payments and purchase option price that the Academy is reasonably certain to exercise.

The Academy monitors changes in circumstances that would require a remeasurement of its SBITA and will remeasure the SBITA asset and liability if certain changes occur that are expected to significantly affect the amount of the SBITA liability.

SBITA assets are reported with other capital assets and SBITA liabilities are reported with long-term obligations on the statement of net position.

Revenues and Expenditures/Expenses

Program Revenues

Amounts reported as *program revenues* include 1) charges to customers or applicants who purchase, use, or directly benefit from goods, services, or privileges provided by a given function or segment, and 2) grants and contributions that are restricted to meeting the operational requirements of a particular function or segment. Unrestricted state aid, interest, and other internally dedicated resources are reported as general revenues rather than as program revenues.

Long-term Obligations

In the government-wide financial statements, long-term debt and other long-term obligations are reported as liabilities on the statement of net position. Bond premiums and discounts are deferred and amortized over the life of the bonds using the straight line method which approximates the effective interest method over the term of the related debt. Bond issuance costs are reported as expenditures in the year in which they are incurred.

In the fund financial statements, governmental fund types recognize bond premiums and discounts, as well as bond issuance costs during the current period. The face amount of debt issued is reported as other financing sources. Premiums received on debt issuances are reported as other financing sources while discounts on debt issuances are reported as other financing uses. Issuance costs, whether or not withheld from the actual debt proceeds received, are reported as debt service expenditures.

NOTE 2 - CASH DEPOSITS - CREDIT RISK

Cash is held in the name of the Academy. These deposits are subject to custodial credit risk. This is the risk that in the event of a bank failure, the Academy's deposits may not be returned to it. The Academy minimizes custodial credit risk on deposits by assessing the credit worthiness of the individual institutions in which it deposits funds. The amount of deposits with each institution is assessed to determine the level of risk it may pose to the Academy in relation to deposits in excess of insured amounts. As of June 30, 2023, none of the Academy's bank balance of \$74,568 was exposed to custodial credit risk because it was uninsured or uncollateralized.

NOTE 3 - CAPITAL ASSETS

A summary of changes in the Academy's capital assets follows:

	_	restated						Dalamas
		Balance	,	Additions	Dia	nocala		Balance
Governmental activities	Jui	y 1, 2022		Additions	Dis	sposals	Jui	ne 30, 2023
Capital assets, being depreciated/amortized	\$	F0 F10	\$	F7 074	ď		\$	107 502
Technology Buses and other vehicles	Ф	50,518	Ф	57,074	\$	-	Ф	107,592
		230,480		17.025		-		230,480
Furniture and fixtures		170,065		17,925		-		187,990
Leasehold improvements		474,181		-		-		474,181
Right to use - building		790,980		72,043		-		863,023
Right to use - subscription-based IT		9,694		35,800				45,494
Total capital assets								
being depreciated/amortized		1,725,918		182,842		-		1,908,760
Accumulated depreciation/amortization								
Technology		15,155		17,117		-		32,272
Buses and other vehicles		18,770		23,048		-		41,818
Furniture and fixtures		167,973		2,115		-		170,088
Leasehold improvements		311,141		41,067		-		352,208
Right to use - building		263,660		299,682		-		563,342
Right to use - subscription-based IT		-		13,492		-		13,492
					1			
Total accumulated								
depreciation/amortization		776,699		396,521				1,173,220
Net governmental capital assets	\$	949,219	\$	(213,679)	\$		\$	735,540

Depreciation/amortization for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 amounted to \$396,521. The Academy determined that it was impractical to allocate depreciation/amortization to the various governmental activities as the assets serve multiple functions.

NOTE 4 - INTERGOVERNMENTAL RECEIVABLES

Intergovernmental receivables at June 30, 2023 consist of the following:

State sources Federal sources	\$ 439,621 76,396
	\$ 516,017

Intergovernmental receivables include amounts due from federal and state sources for various projects and programs and are considered fully collectible by management.

Because of the Academy's favorable collection experience on intergovernmental receivables, no allowance for doubtful accounts has been recorded.

NOTE 5 - NOTE PAYABLE - STATE AID ANTICIPATION NOTE

At June 30, 2023, the Academy has \$71,315 outstanding from its state aid anticipation note dated September 2022. The note, which has an interest rate of 5.40%, matures August 2023. The proceeds of the note were used to fund Academy operations. In the event of a default on the note, the state may impose a penalty interest rate at the state's discretion, accelerate the repayment terms. The note is secured by the full faith and credit of the Academy as well as future state school aid payments.

В	alance					F	Balance
July	July 1, 2022 Additions		P	ayments	June 30, 2023		
\$	71,849	\$	400,000	\$	400,534	\$	71,315

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS

The following is a summary of long-term obligations for the Academy for the year ended June 30, 2023:

	Notes from		
	Direct		
	Borr	owings and	
		Direct	
	Pla	acements	
D. I. I. 4 2022	φ.	CCE 121	
Balance, July 1, 2022	\$	665,121	
Additions		72,043	
Repayments		(391,023)	
Balance, June 30, 2023		346,141	
Due within one year	\$	346,141	
Due within one year	Ψ	510,171	

NOTE 6 - LONG-TERM OBLIGATIONS (continued)

Long-term obligations at June 30, 2023 are comprised of the following issue:

Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements

During the 2021 fiscal year, Multicultural Academy entered into a four-year lease agreement as lessee for the use of a building and its facilities. Future minimum lease payments run through June 30, 2024 and are based off of 18% of full time equivalent (FTE) state aid per pupil. The lease liability as of June 30, 2023 is based on most recent student count. The lease has an interest rate of 2%.

304,373

During the 2022 fiscal year, Multicultural Academy entered into a four-year financing agreement for the use of buses. The Academy is required to make semi-annual principal and interest payments of \$23,657. The agreement has an interest rate of 3.59%. During the 2023 fiscal year, the Academy made additional payments on the loan and subsequent to year end have paid the remaining balance in October 2023, thus the remaining balance as of June 30, 2023 is considered current.

41,768

Total general long-term obligations

\$ 346,141

The Academy's outstanding notes from direct borrowings and direct placements related to governmental activities of \$346,141 contains provisions that in an event of default, either by (1) unable to make principal or interest payments (2) false or misrepresentation is made to the lender (3) become insolvent or make an assignment for the benefit of its creditors (4) if the lender at any time in good faith believes that the prospect of payment of any indebtedness is impaired. Upon the occurrence of any default event, the outstanding amounts, including accrued interest become immediately due and payable.

The annual requirements to amortize long-term obligations outstanding, including interest of \$8,304, as of June 30, 2023, are as follows:

	Direct Borrowings and Direct Placements					
Year Ending June 30,	F	rincipal	Ir	nterest	Total	
2024	\$	346,141	\$	8,304	\$	354,445

Interest expense (all funds) for the year ended June 30, 2023 was \$12,733.

NOTE 7 - OVERSIGHT FEES

The Academy pays an administrative oversight fee of 3% of its state school aid to the Bay Mills Community College, as set forth by contract, to reimburse the College Board for the cost of execution of its oversight responsibilities. These oversight responsibilities include the monitoring of the Academy's compliance with the terms and conditions of the contract, and the review of its audited financial statements and periodic reports. During the year ended June 30, 2023, the Academy incurred expense of approximately \$63,000 for oversight fees.

NOTE 8 - MANAGEMENT AGREEMENT

The Academy has a management agreement with Universal Management Company, LLC (UMC) for operation of the Academy through June 30, 2023. Under the terms of the management agreements, total compensation paid for operation of the Academy was approximately \$267,000 to UMC for the fiscal year 2023. At June 30, 2023, approximately \$24,000 was prepaid to UMC for management fees.

NOTE 9 - PURCHASED SERVICES

The Academy leased all employee services from Universal Management Company, LLC (UMC). Salaries, retirement, social security, health insurance, and unemployment taxes were the responsibility of UMC. The Academy has a prepaid balance of \$76,723 for purchased services at June 30, 2023.

NOTE 10 - CONCENTRATION OF EXPENDITURES - RELATED PARTY TRANSACTIONS

The Academy leases facilities as well as purchases management services and personnel costs from a group of related entities. The types of purchases and amounts for the fiscal year ended June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Entity	Transaction Type	В	uilding		Total
Leasing transactions Ahmed Farha for the benefit of Farha and Associates - Ann Arbor, LLC	Lease agreement	\$	307,682	\$	307,682
Other related party transactions				_	0.4.04.0
Universal Management Company	Management services			\$	266,910
Universal Management Company	Personnel costs				1,240,764
Universal Management Company	Expense reimbursements				8,728
Farha & Associates - Ann Arbor, LLC	Prepaid lease				16,895
Universal Management Company	Prepaid personnel costs and other				101,182

NOTE 11 - INTERFUND RECEIVABLES AND PAYABLES

Inter-fund payable and receivable balances at June 30, 2023 are as follows:

Receivable Fund			Payable Fund				
Nonmajor fund	\$	27,760	General fund	\$	27,760		

The outstanding balances between funds result mainly from the time lag between the dates that (1) inter-fund goods and services are provided or reimbursable expenditures occur, (2) transactions are recorded in the accounting systems, and (3) payments between funds are made.

NOTE 12 - RISK MANAGEMENT

The Academy is exposed to various risk of loss related to torts; theft of, damage to, and destruction of assets; errors and omissions; injuries to employees and natural disasters. To minimize the risk, the Academy carries commercial insurance.

NOTE 13 - CONTINGENT LIABILITIES

Amounts received or receivable form grant agencies are subject to audit and adjustments by grantor agencies, principally the federal government. Any disallowed claims, including amounts already collected, may constitute a liability of the applicable funds. The amount, if any, of expenditures that may be disallowed by the grantor cannot be determined at this time, although the Academy expects such amounts, if any, to be immaterial.

NOTE 14 - SUBSEQUENT EVENT

The Academy borrowed \$450,000 under a state aid anticipation note in August 2023 at 6.25% to be repaid monthly from October 2023 through August 2024.

NOTE 15 - UPCOMING ACCOUNTING PRONOUNCEMENT

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 100, *Accounting Changes and Error Corrections - an amendment of GASB Statement No.* 62. This Statement prescribes the accounting and financial reporting for (1) each type of accounting change and (2) error corrections. This Statement requires that (a) changes in accounting principles and error corrections be reported retroactively by restating prior periods, (b) changes to or within the financial reporting entity be reported by adjusting beginning balances of the current period, and (c) changes in accounting estimates be reported prospectively by recognizing the change in the current period. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2023-2024 fiscal year.

In June 2022, the GASB issued Statement No. 101, *Compensated Absences*. This Statement requires that liabilities for compensated absences be recognized for (1) leave that has not been used and (2) leave that has been used but not yet paid in cash or settled through noncash means. A liability should be recognized for leave that has not been used if (a) the leave is attributable to services already rendered, (b) the leave accumulates, and (c) the leave is more likely than not to be used for time off or otherwise paid in cash or settled through noncash means. This Statement also establishes guidance for measuring a liability for leave that has not been used, generally using an employee's pay rate as of the date of the financial statements. The Academy is currently evaluating the impact this standard will have on the financial statements when adopted during the 2024-2025 fiscal year.

NOTE 16 - CHANGE IN ACCOUNTING PRINCIPLE

For the year ended June 30, 2023, the Academy implemented the following new pronouncement: GASB Statement No. 96, *Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements*.

Summary:

Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96, Subscription-based Information Technology Arrangements was issued in May 2020. This Statement provides guidance on the accounting and financial reporting for subscription-based information technology arrangements (SBITAs) for government end users (governments). This Statement (1) defines a SBITA; (2) establishes that a SBITA results in a right-to-use subscription asset - an intangible asset - and a corresponding subscription liability; (3) provides the capitalization criteria for outlays other than subscription payments, including implementation costs of a SBITA; and (4) requires note disclosures regarding a SBITA. To the extent relevant, the standards for SBITAs are based on the standards established in Statement No. 87, Leases, as amended.

The restatement of the beginning of year had the following impact on the net position of the governmental activities and on capital assets:

	Gov	et Position vernmental activities	Capital Assets		
Balance as of July 1, 2022, as previously stated	\$	510,824	\$	1,716,224	
Adoption of GASB Statement 96		9,694		9,694	
Balance as of July 1, 2022, as restated	\$	520,518	\$	1,725,918	

REQUIRED SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY BUDGETARY COMPARISON SCHEDULE GENERAL FUND YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

	Original Budget	Final Budget	Actual	Variance with Final Budget
REVENUES Local sources State sources Federal sources Incoming transfers	\$ 10,000 1,940,743 323,752	\$ 1,500 1,961,944 807,489 22,148	\$ 1,441 1,977,269 673,163 21,729	\$ (59) 15,325 (134,326) (419)
TOTAL REVENUES	2,274,495	2,793,081	2,673,602	(119,479)
EXPENDITURES Instruction				
Basic programs Added needs	528,554 371,701	618,093 493,157	521,614 435,549	96,479 57,608
Total instruction	900,255	1,111,250	957,163	154,087
Support services Pupil	50,500	57,100	70,215	(13,115)
Instructional staff	31,875	117,698	117,689	9
General administration	442,500	303,500	321,174	(17,674)
School administration	66,050	83,309	66,373	16,936
Business	8,250	13,350	13,873	(523)
Operation and maintenance	426,425	503,360	265,320	238,040
Transportation	248,475	416,963	275,089	141,874
Central	172,775	286,166	225,348	60,818
Total support services	1,446,850	1,781,446	1,355,081	426,365
Community services			256	(256)
Debt service				
Principal retirement	-	_	358,459	(358,459)
Interest and fiscal charges	-	-	11,827	(11,827)
Total debt service			370,286	(370,286)
TOTAL EXPENDITURES	2,347,105	2,892,696	2,682,786	209,910
EXCESS (DEFICIENCY) OF REVENUES OVER (UNDER) EXPENDITURES	(72,610)	(99,615)	(9,184)	90,431
OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES) Transfers out Proceeds from lease	(1,127)	(21,018)	- 64,206	21,018 64,206
TOTAL OTHER FINANCING SOURCES (USES)	(1,127)	(21,018)	64,206	85,224
NET CHANGE IN FUND BALANCE	\$ (73,737)	\$ (120,633)	55,022	\$ 175,655
FUND BALANCE Beginning of year			234,020	
7.1.6				
End of year			\$ 289,042	

ADDITIONAL SUPPLEMENTARY INFORMATION

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- through Grantor's Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2022	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2023
U.S. Department of Agriculture								
Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
Child Nutrition Cluster								
Non-cash assistance (donated foods) Entitlement Donated Foods	10.555	N/A	\$ 8,014	\$ -	\$ -	\$ 8,014	\$ 8,014	\$ -
Entitlement Donated Foods - Bonus	10.555	N/A N/A	\$ 6,014 249	5 -	-	\$ 6,014 249	\$ 8,014 249	5 -
Entitlement Donated Foods - Bonds	10.555	N/A						<u>_</u>
Total ALN 10.555 non-cash assistance (donated foods)			8,263			8,263	8,263	
Cash Assistance								
National School Lunch Program	10.555	220910	7,753	_	-	7,753	7,753	_
National School Lunch Program	10.555	221960	5,348	5,348	5,348	-	5,348	_
National School Lunch Program	10.555	221961	13,181	· -	· -	13,181	13,181	_
National School Lunch Program	10.555	230910	6,761	-	-	6,761	6,761	-
National School Lunch Program	10.555	231960	119,854			119,854	110,210	9,644
Total ALN 10.555 cash assistance			152,897	5,348	5,348	147,549	143,253	9,644
Total ALN 10.555			161,160	5,348	5,348	155,812	151,516	9,644
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	221970	3,469	3,469	-	-	3,469	-
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	221971	7,489	-	-	7,489	7,489	-
National School Breakfast Program	10.553	231970	72,264			72,264	66,422	5,842
Total ALN 10.553			83,222	3,469		79,753	77,380	5,842
Total cash assistance			236,119	8,817	5,348	227,302	220,633	15,486
Total Child Nutrition Cluster			244,382	8,817	5,348	235,565	228,896	15,486
COVID-19 - Pandemic EBT Local Level Costs	10.649	220980	628			628	628	
Total U.S. Department of Agriculture			245,010	8,817	5,348	236,193	229,524	15,486

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Federal Grantor/Pass-through Grantor/ Program Title	Federal Assistance Listing Number	Pass- through Grantor's Number	Approved Grant Award Amount	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 7/1/2022	(Memo Only) Prior Year Expenditures	Current Year Expenditures	Current Year Cash Receipts	Accrued (Unearned) Revenue 6/30/2023
U.S. Department of Education Passed through Michigan Department of Education								
Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies Title I Grants to Local Educational Agencies	84.010 84.010	221530 231530	\$ 110,783 104,441	\$ 12,488 -	\$ 101,342 	\$ 6,355 88,701	\$ 18,843 79,602	\$ - 9,099
Total ALN 84.010			215,224	12,488	101,342	95,056	98,445	9,099
Title II Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants Title II Grants Supporting Effective Instruction State Grants	84.367 84.367	220520 230520	16,853 12,442	983	16,048	9,651	983 9,051	600
Total ALN 84.367			29,295	983	16,048	9,651	10,034	600
Title III Grants for English Learning Acquisition Title III Grants for English Learning Acquisition Title III Grants for English Learning Acquisition	84.365 84.365 84.365	220580 230580 230570	20,641 22,313 9,576	2,068 - 	16,960 - 	3,767 20,994	2,068 2,771 19,616	- 996 1,378
Total ALN 84.365			52,530	2,068	16,960	24,761	24,455	2,374
Title IVA Student Support and Academic Enrichment	84.424	230750	10,000			8,232	6,931	1,301
Education Stabilization Funds COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER II Formula Funds)	84.425D	213712	255,735	1,350	115,865	137,666	139,016	-
COVID-19 Elementary and Secondary School Emergency Relief Fund (ESSER III Formula Funds)	84.425U	213713	574,751	47,046	47,046	383,919	391,679	39,286
Total ALN 84.425 and Education Stabilization Funds			830,486	48,396	162,911	521,585	530,695	39,286
Passed through Washtenaw Intermediate School District Special Education Cluster								
Special Education - Flowthrough Special Education - Flowthrough	84.027A 84.027A	220450-2122 230450-2223	22,042 13,250	1,302	22,042	13,250	1,302 5,000	- 8,250
Total ALN 84.027 and Special Education Cluster			35,292	1,302	22,042	13,250	6,302	8,250
Total U.S. Department of Education		,	1,172,827	65,237	319,303	672,535	676,862	60,910
TOTAL FEDERAL AWARDS		:	\$ 1,417,837	\$ 74,054	\$ 324,651	\$ 908,728	\$ 906,386	\$ 76,396

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY NOTES TO SCHEDULE OF EXPENDITURES OF FEDERAL AWARDS

NOTE 1 - BASIS OF PRESENTATION

The accompanying schedule of expenditures of federal awards (the "Schedule") includes the federal award activity of Multicultural Academy under programs of the federal government for the year ended June 30, 2023. The information in this Schedule is presented in accordance with the requirements of Title 2 U.S. Code of Federal Regulations (CFR) Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Because the Schedule presents only a selected portion of the operations Multicultural Academy, it is not intended to and does not present the financial position or changes in net position of Multicultural Academy.

NOTE 2 - SUMMARY OF SIGNIFICANT ACCOUNTING POLICIES

Expenditures reported on the Schedule are reported on the modified accrual basis of accounting. Such expenditures are recognized following the cost principles contained in the Uniform Guidance, wherein certain types of expenditures are not allowable or are limited as to reimbursement. Negative amounts (if any) shown on the Schedule represent adjustments or credits made in the normal course of business to amounts reported as expenditures in prior years. Pass-through entity identifying numbers are presented where available. Multicultural Academy has elected to not use the 10-percent de minimis indirect cost rate allowed under the Uniform Guidance.

Management has utilized the NexSys, Cash Management System and the Grant Auditor Report in preparing the Schedule of Expenditures of Federal Awards. The Academy does not pass through federal awards.

NOTE 3 - RECONCILING WITH AUDITED FINANCIAL STATEMENTS

Federal expenditures are reported as revenue in the following funds in the financial statements for the period ending June 30, 2023:

General fund	\$	673,163
Nonmajor fund		235,565
	_\$	908,728



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER FINANCIAL REPORTING AND ON COMPLIANCE AND OTHER MATTERS BASED ON AN AUDIT OF FINANCIAL STATEMENTS PERFORMED IN ACCORDANCE WITH GOVERNMENT AUDITING STANDARDS

To the Board of Directors Multicultural Academy

We have audited, in accordance with the auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America and the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards* issued by the Comptroller General of the United States, the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Multicultural Academy, as of and for the year ended June 30, 2023, and the related notes to the financial statements, which collectively comprise Multicultural Academy's basic financial statements, and have issued our report thereon dated October 26, 2023.

Report on Internal Control Over Financial Reporting

In planning and performing our audit of the financial statements, we considered Multicultural Academy's internal control over financial reporting (internal control) as a basis for designing audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances for the purpose of expressing our opinions on the financial statements, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Multicultural Academy's internal control. Accordingly, we do not express an opinion on the effectiveness of Multicultural Academy's internal control.

A *deficiency in internal control* exists when the design or operation of a control does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, misstatements, on a timely basis. A *material weakness* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control, such that there is a reasonable possibility that a material misstatement of the entity's financial statements will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control that is less severe than a material weakness, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control was for the limited purpose described in the first paragraph of this section and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control that might be material weaknesses or, significant deficiencies. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control that we consider to be material weaknesses. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies may exist that were not identified.

Report on Compliance and Other Matters

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As part of obtaining reasonable assurance about whether Multicultural Academy's financial statements are free from material misstatement, we performed tests of its compliance with certain provisions of laws, regulations, contracts, and grant agreements, noncompliance with which could have a direct and material effect on the financial statements. However, providing an opinion on compliance with those provisions was not an objective of our audit, and accordingly, we do not express such an opinion. The results of our tests disclosed no instances of noncompliance or other matters that are required to be reported under *Government Auditing Standards*.

Purpose of This Report

The purpose of this report is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control and compliance and the results of that testing, and not to provide an opinion on the effectiveness of the entity's internal control or on compliance. This report is an integral part of an audit performed in accordance with *Government Auditing Standards* in considering the entity's internal control and compliance. Accordingly, this communication is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 26, 2023



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INDEPENDENT AUDITOR'S REPORT ON COMPLIANCE FOR EACH MAJOR FEDERAL PROGRAM AND ON INTERNAL CONTROL OVER COMPLIANCE REQUIRED BY THE UNIFORM GUIDANCE

To the Board of Directors Multicultural Academy

Report on Compliance for Each Major Federal Program

Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We have audited Multicultural Academy's compliance with the types of compliance requirements identified as subject to audit in the OMB *Compliance Supplement* that could have a direct and material effect on each of Multicultural Academy's major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023. Multicultural Academy's major federal programs are identified in the summary of auditor's results section of the accompanying schedule of findings and questioned costs.

In our opinion, Multicultural Academy complied, in all material respects, with the types of compliance requirements referred to above that could have a direct and material effect on each of its major federal programs for the year ended June 30, 2023.

Basis for Opinion on Each Major Federal Program

We conducted our audit of compliance in accordance with auditing standards generally accepted in the United States of America; the standards applicable to financial audits contained in *Government Auditing Standards*, issued by the Comptroller General of the United States; and the audit requirements of Title 2 U.S. *Code of Federal Regulations* Part 200, *Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards* (Uniform Guidance). Our responsibilities under those standards and the Uniform Guidance are further described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section of our report.

We are required to be independent of Multicultural Academy and to meet our other ethical responsibilities, in accordance with relevant ethical requirements relating to our audit. We believe that the audit evidence we have obtained is sufficient and appropriate to provide a basis for our opinion on compliance for each major federal program. Our audit does not provide a legal determination of Multicultural Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above.

Responsibilities of Management for Compliance

Management is responsible for compliance with the requirements referred to above and for the design, implementation, and maintenance of effective internal control over compliance with the requirements of laws, statutes, regulations, rules, and provisions of contracts or grant agreements applicable to Multicultural Academy's federal programs.

Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance

Our objectives are to obtain reasonable assurance about whether material noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above occurred, whether due to fraud or error, and express an opinion on Multicultural Academy's compliance based on our audit. Reasonable assurance is a high level of assurance but is not absolute assurance and therefore is not a guarantee that an audit conducted in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance will always detect material noncompliance when it exists. The risk of not detecting material noncompliance resulting from fraud is higher than for that resulting from error, as fraud may involve collusion, forgery, intentional omissions, misrepresentations, or the override of internal control. Noncompliance with the compliance requirements referred to above is considered material if there is a substantial likelihood that, individually or in the aggregate, it would influence the judgment made by a reasonable user of the report on compliance about Multicultural Academy's compliance with the requirements of each major federal program as a whole.

In performing an audit in accordance with generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards*, and the Uniform Guidance, we:

- Exercise professional judgment and maintain professional skepticism throughout the audit.
- ➤ Identify and assess the risks of material noncompliance, whether due to fraud or error, and design and perform audit procedures responsive to those risks. Such procedures include examining, on a test basis, evidence regarding Multicultural Academy's compliance with the compliance requirements referred to above and performing such other procedures as we considered necessary in the circumstances.
- Obtain an understanding of Multicultural Academy's internal control over compliance relevant to the audit in order to design audit procedures that are appropriate in the circumstances and to test and report on internal control over compliance in accordance with the Uniform Guidance, but not for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of Multicultural Academy's internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

We are required to communicate with those charged with governance regarding, among other matters, the planned scope and timing of the audit and any significant deficiencies and material weaknesses in internal control over compliance that we identified during the audit.

Report on Internal Control Over Compliance

A *deficiency in internal control over compliance* exists when the design or operation of a control over compliance does not allow management or employees, in the normal course of performing their assigned functions, to prevent, or detect and correct, noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program on a timely basis. A *material weakness in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance, such that there is a reasonable possibility that material noncompliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program will not be prevented, or detected and corrected, on a timely basis. A *significant deficiency in internal control over compliance* is a deficiency, or a combination of deficiencies, in internal control over compliance with a type of compliance requirement of a federal program that is less severe than a material weakness in internal control over compliance, yet important enough to merit attention by those charged with governance.

Our consideration of internal control over compliance was for the limited purpose described in the Auditor's Responsibilities for the Audit of Compliance section above and was not designed to identify all deficiencies in internal control over compliance that might be material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance. Given these limitations, during our audit we did not identify any deficiencies in internal control over compliance that we consider to be material weaknesses, as defined above. However, material weaknesses or significant deficiencies in internal control over compliance may exist that were not identified.

Our audit was not designed for the purpose of expressing an opinion on the effectiveness of internal control over compliance. Accordingly, no such opinion is expressed.

The purpose of this report on internal control over compliance is solely to describe the scope of our testing of internal control over compliance and the results of that testing based on the requirements of the Uniform Guidance. Accordingly, this report is not suitable for any other purpose.

October 26, 2023

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MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF FINDINGS AND QUESTIONED COSTS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Section I - Summary of Auditor's Results

Financial Statements					
Type of auditor's report issued based on financial statements prepared in accordance with generally accepted accounting principles:	Unmodified				
Internal control over financial reporting:					
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No				
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes X None reported				
Noncompliance material to financial statements noted?	YesX No				
Federal Awards					
Internal control over major programs:					
Material weakness(es) identified?	Yes <u>X</u> No				
Significant deficiency(ies) identified that are not considered to be material weakness(es)?	Yes X None reported				
Type of auditor's report issued on compliance for major programs:	Unmodified				
Any audit findings that are required to be reported in accordance with Title 2 CFR Section 200.516(a)?	Yes <u>X</u> No				
Identification of major programs:					
Assistance Listing Number(s)	Name of Federal Program or Cluster				
84.425	Education Stabilization Fund				
Dollar threshold used to distinguish between Type A and Type B programs:	\$ 750,000				
Auditee qualified as low-risk auditee?	Yes X No				
Section II - Financial Statement Findings					
None					
Section III - Federal Award Findings and Question Costs					

None

MULTICULTURAL ACADEMY SCHEDULE OF PRIOR YEAR FINDINGS YEAR ENDED JUNE 30, 2023

Finding 2022-001 Significant deficiency

Criteria: Compliance with the Uniform Budgeting and Accounting Act. MCL (Michigan Compile Laws) 141.436 states, except as otherwise permitted in MCL 388.1702 the local school board shall not adopt a general appropriations act (Budget) or an amendment to that act which causes fund balance to be lower than budgeted.

Condition: The Academy's budget reflects estimated net increase in fund balance while there was an actual net decrease in fund balance.

Effect: At June 30, 2022, the Academy's final budget anticipated using up \$70,946 to the Academy's fund balance. The actual result has the Academy using up \$106,939 of fund balance. This created a negative budget to actual variance of \$35,993.

Cause: The primary reason was not properly adjusting budgeted revenues based on actual results.

Recommendation: The Academy is developing procedures to review the budget and general ledger monthly and revise the budget accordingly.

Status: This finding was resolved during FY 23 as the Academy developed a plan of action of increased monitoring and more regular communications as a positive budget to actual variance of \$175,655 occurred at June 30, 2023.



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October 26, 2023

To the Board of Directors Multicultural Academy

We have audited the financial statements of the governmental activities, the major fund, and the aggregate remaining fund information of Multicultural Academy for the year ended June 30, 2023. Professional standards require that we provide you with information about our responsibilities under generally accepted auditing standards, *Government Auditing Standards* and OMB's Uniform Administrative Requirements, Cost Principles, and Audit Requirements for Federal Awards, as well as certain information related to the planned scope and timing of our audit. Professional standards also require that we communicate to you the following information related to our audit.

Significant Audit Matters

Qualitative Aspects of Accounting Practices

Management is responsible for the selection and use of appropriate accounting policies. In accordance with the terms of our engagement letter, we will advise management about the appropriateness of accounting policies and their application. The significant accounting policies used by Multicultural Academy are described in Note 1 to the financial statements. During fiscal year 2023, the Academy adopted Governmental Accounting Standards Board (GASB) Statement No. 96 Subscription-based IT Arrangements. There was no material impact on the Academy's financial statements after the adoption of GASB Statement 96. We noted no transactions entered into by the Academy during the year for which there is a lack of authoritative guidance or consensus. All significant transactions have been recognized in the financial statements in the proper period.

Accounting estimates are an integral part of the financial statements prepared by management and are based on management's knowledge and experience about past and current events and assumptions about future events. Certain accounting estimates are particularly sensitive because of their significance to the financial statements and because of the possibility that future events affecting them may differ significantly from those expected. The most sensitive estimate affecting the financial statements was:

Management's determination of the estimated life span of the capital assets. We evaluated the key factors and assumptions used by management to develop the estimated life span of the capital assets in determining that it is reasonable in relation to the financial statements taken as a whole. In addition, certain amounts included in capital assets have been estimated based on an outside appraisal company.

Certain financial statement disclosures are particularly sensitive because of their significance to financial statement users. We did not identify any sensitive disclosures.

The financial statement disclosures are neutral, consistent, and clear.

Difficulties Encountered in Performing the Audit

We encountered no significant difficulties in dealing with management in performing and completing our audit.

Corrected and Uncorrected Misstatements

Professional standards require us to accumulate all misstatements identified during the audit, other than those that are clearly trivial, and communicate them to the appropriate level of management. Management has corrected all such misstatements. In addition, none of the misstatements detected as a result of audit procedures and corrected by management were material, either individually or in the aggregate, to the financial statements taken as a whole.

Disagreements with Management

For purposes of this letter, a disagreement with management is a financial accounting, reporting, or auditing matter, whether or not resolved to our satisfaction, that could be significant to the financial statements or the auditor's report. We are pleased to report that no such disagreements arose during the course of our audit.

Management Representations

We have requested certain representations from management that are included in the management representation letter dated October 26, 2023.

Management Consultations with Other Independent Accountants

In some cases, management may decide to consult with other accountants about auditing and accounting matters, similar to obtaining a "second opinion" on certain situations. If a consultation involves application of an accounting principle to the Academy's financial statements or a determination of the type of auditor's opinion that may be expressed on those statements, our professional standards require the consulting accountant to check with us to determine that the consultant has all the relevant facts. To our knowledge, there were no such consultations with other accountants.

Other Audit Findings or Issues

We generally discuss a variety of matters, including the application of accounting principles and auditing standards, with management each year prior to retention as the Academy's auditors. However, these discussions occurred in the normal course of our professional relationship and our responses were not a condition to our retention.

Other Matters

We applied certain limited procedures to the required supplementary information (RSI) which are required and supplement the basic financial statements. Our procedures consisted of inquiries of management regarding the methods of preparing the information and comparing the information for consistency with management's responses to our inquiries, the basic financial statements, and other knowledge we obtained during our audit of the basic financial statements. We did not audit the RSI and do not express an opinion or provide any assurance on the RSI.

We were engaged to report on the other supplementary information, which accompany the financial statements but are not RSI. With respect to this other supplementary information, we made certain inquiries of management and evaluated the form, content, and methods of preparing the information to determine that the information complies with accounting principles generally accepted in the United States of America, the method of preparing it has not changed from the prior period, and the information is appropriate and complete in relation to our audit of the financial statements. We compared and reconciled the other supplementary information to the underlying accounting records used to prepare the financial statements or to the financial statements themselves.

A separate management letter was not issued.

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Restriction on Use

This information is intended solely for the use of the Board of Education and management of Multicultural Academy and is not intended to be, and should not be, used by anyone other than these specified parties.

Very truly yours,